

Pupil premium strategy statement

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the outcomes for disadvantaged pupils last academic year.

School overview

Detail	Data
Number of pupils in school	232
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	41.3
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended – you must still publish an updated statement each academic year)	2023/24 2024/25 2025/26
Date this statement was published	30.12.24
Date on which it will be reviewed	30.12.25
Statement authorised by	Louise Oddy Headteacher
Pupil premium lead	Louise Oddy
Governor / Trustee lead	Catherine McWilliams

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£134,680
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years	£O
Total budget for this academic year	£134,680

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

At St George's Primary School we strive to achieve the best outcomes for every child regardless of starting point. We know that issues of social and economic disadvantage can result in significant barriers to learning and we commit to doing all we can to remove those barriers so that every child is able to fulfil their potential both academically and socially.

Our overarching aim is to equip our children with the academic and social skills to succeed in primary and secondary education so that they have a range of choices open to them as they move into the world of higher education or work.

Our strategy blends academic challenge and support with social and emotional development. We know that in order to succeed in life our children will need confidence, resilience and effective conflict resolution skills in addition to academic skills. We endeavour to teach them to be compassionate, empathic and develop strong self-esteem.

We use a range of strategies including:

- High quality CPD to ensure that quality first teaching provides excellent learning opportunities that enable children to know more and remember more
- Training of Teaching Assistants so that they are able to provide effective small group
- intervention support which plugs gaps and accelerates learning
- Small group tutoring with class teachers to support those falling behind and challenge the more able
- Emotional well-being support for any child showing signs of poor mental health including struggling with behaviour
- Training for all staff on providing a classroom environment that supports the learning of all children particularly those who are neurodivergent or who have attachment disorder.
- Training and support for all staff on recognising signs of emotional distress or mental illness in children.
- Training for all staff in developing a classroom community where children feel safe to engage with challenge because they know they are valued and supported.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge	Detail of challenge
number	

1	Pupils join the school with speech and language skills well below the expected for their age. Assessments show that good progress is made in the Foundation Stage and KS1 this continues to be a barrier for many children and impacts on their progress in other areas of the curriculum.
2	The majority of children join the school with limited experience of books and little or no knowledge of phonics and are at a disadvantage in terms of early reading.
3	Assessments show that children arrive in our Foundation Stage with limited mathematical knowledge, lacking the foundations on which early maths is built
4	Attendance is a challenge with the attendance of pupil premium children lagging behind that of their peers in 2021/22 and 2022/23
5	Observations and discussions with pupils have highlighted that many children are suffering with higher that usual levels of poor self-esteem, anxiety and are lacking in resilience since the pandemic

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
Development of vocabulary and syntax both writ- ten and oral is at age related expectation and higher by the end of Y6.	 Children's use and understanding of tier 1 and 2 vocabulary is secure and embedded. Children confidently use and understand a range of tier 3 vocabulary that they have ac- crued as part of their learning across the cur- riculum Children understand the difference be- tween local dialect and Standard English and are able to use both registers appropri- ately in both oral and written communica- tions.
The development of early reading skills with a fo- cus on secure phonic knowledge provides a strong foundation for reading skills for life. By the end of KS2 the large majority of children achieve ARE or higher.	 Children's phonic knowledge is secure by the end of KS1. Children read with accuracy, fluency and good understanding. Children are able to draw inferences from their reading and discuss authorial intent.

	 Children read for a variety of purposes and use their reading skills to develop knowledge in other subjects. Children evidence a love of reading by choosing to read.
Secure understanding of early maths skills and concepts provides a foundation on which higher order maths skills can be developed. Children are not held back in later learning by the need to work out simple maths that should be known. The large majority of children achieve ARE or higher by the end of KS2.	 Understanding of counting, place value and the number system is embedded. Children know their number bonds and have instant recall which they are able to apply in a range of contexts including 100s, 1000s and decimals. Children's understanding of the four main operations are secure with lower numbers so that they are confident in applying them in a range of contexts and with larger num- bers and decimals.
Disruption to learning through absenteeism will be at pre-pandemic levels or better.	 Attendance will be at >96%. Persistent absenteeism will return to pre-pandemic levels and will be on a downward trajectory. The numbers of children with 100% attendance will return to pre-pandemic levels and will be on an upward trajectory.
Children's confidence, strong self-esteem and re- silience will enable them to make the most of their learning and fulfil their potential.	 Discussions with children will evidence a reduction in anxiety levels and low self- esteem. Teachers will observe greater levels of resilience when children are tackling challenging work.

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium) funding **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £40,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Add or delete rows as needed. Training for KS1 staff on ongoing implementation of Read Write In Phonics programme - release time	Phonics approaches have a strong evi- dence base that suggest a positive im- pact on the accuracy of word reading (though not necessarily comprehension), particularly for disadvantaged pupils:	1, 2

for staff to carry out training and development days.	Phonics Toolkit Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF	
Continued development and implementation of curriculum. Strong focus on the development of tier 3 vocabulary and children knowing more and remembering more. Work with trust colleagues on ongoing development and implementation of the curriculum.	Opportunities to talk and to work collaboratively are key to children learning more and remembering more. It is essential that children are not only exposed to tier 2 and tier 3 vocabulary but that they are given well planned opportunities in which to use and repeat it over time so that it becomes embedded. <u>The Path to Success Pedagogical model: TT Education</u> <u>Cooperative Learning: Dr Spencer Kagan</u> <u>Oral language interventions Toolkit</u> <u>Strand Education Endowment Foundation EEF</u>	1, 2, 5
Further development of the writing curriculum including INSET day with TTEducation. Reduction in focus on genre to avoid cogni- tive overload and allow children to build up a strong, working toolkit of transferrable skills for writing.	The model of learning that starts with what is already known, builds in new skills and ideas, gives opportunities to use, play with and develop new learning and eventually make new connections to other knowledge is proven to enable children to build a meaningful structure of understanding that is subject specific and links meaningfully to other areas. This not only promotes knowing and remembering more but supports learning at a greater depth. The reduction in focus on a wide variety of genres will allow children to concentrate on building a toolkit of writing skills that can be applied to a variety of purposes. <u>The Path to Success Pedagogical model: TT Education</u> <u>Cooperative Learning: Dr Spencer Kagan</u> Play to Learn: Sharon Boller and Karl Kapp	1, 2, 5
Enhancement of our maths teaching and curriculum planning in line with DfE and EEF guidance.	The DfE non-statutory guidance has been produced in conjunction with the National Centre for Excellence in the Teaching of Mathematics, drawing on evidence-based approaches:	3, 5
We will fund teacher release time to embed key elements of guid- ance in school and to access Maths Hub re- sources and CPD (in-	Maths_guidance_KS_1_and_2.pdf (publish- ing.service.gov.uk) The EEF guidance is based on a range of the best available evidence:	
cluding Teaching for Mastery training).	Improving Mathematics in Key Stages 2 and	

Ongoing support for all staff in the implemen- tation of the Mastering Number project to sup- port the secure devel- opment of mathemati- cal concepts in FS and KS1.	<u>3</u> <u>Mastering Number: NCETM</u>	
Mental Health Support Worker to work with Emotional Well-being Practitioner on devel- opment of mental health action plan to look at how children's mental health and re- silience can be sup- ported and improved through both interac- tions in the classroom and 1:1 and group sup- port for the most vul- nerable.	It is well documented that children who experience a high number of ACEs or who live with toxic stress will have poorly developed brain architecture, underdeveloped executive function and will therefore be more likely to have poor self-esteem and low levels of resilience. These children will find it more difficult to engage with school and learning. Research shows that positive, consistent attachments and relationships with key adults are essential in supporting children. <u>Center on the Developing Child: Harvard University</u> <u>EEF_Social_and_Emotional_Learning.pd</u> f(educationendowmentfoundation.org. uk)	1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support, structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £56,000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Additional 1:1 phonics sessions targeted at the lowest 20% in Reception, KS1, and lower KS2.	Phonics approaches have a strong evi- dence base suggesting a positive impact on pupils, particularly from disadvan- taged backgrounds. Targeted phonics in- terventions have been shown to be more effective when delivered as regular ses- sions over a period up to 12 weeks: <u>Phonics Toolkit Strand Education</u> <u>Endowment Foundation EEF</u>	1, 2
Introduction of Fresh Start Phonics in upper KS2 to support children who struggle with reading.	Phonics approaches have a strong evi- dence base suggesting a positive impact on pupils, particularly from disadvan- taged backgrounds. Fresh Start phonics has shown to have a positive impact on	1, 2

	children for whom reading has contin- ued to be a struggle in KS2 and has ac- celerated progress for them reducing the gap between where they are and ARE: <u>Phonics Toolkit Strand Education</u> <u>Endowment Foundation EEF</u>	
Continued development of a range of small group tuition and mentoring provide a blend of tuition, mentoring and school- led tutoring to support pupils whose education has been most impacted by the pandemic. This will be delivered by both teaching staff and trained support staff and will include purchased interventions and teacher planned work. A significant proportion of the pupils who receive tutoring will be disadvantaged, including those who are high attainers.	Tuition targeted at specific needs and knowledge gaps can be an effective method to support low attaining pupils or those falling behind, both one-to- one: <u>One to one tuition EEF</u> (educationendowmentfoundation.org.u k) And in small groups: <u>Small group tuition Toolkit Strand </u> Education Endowment Foundation EEF	1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £ 38,680

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Emotional wellbeing practitioner and colleague to deliver Family Links Parenting Course to targeted group of parents initially before opening it out to all parents of children in Reception.	It is recognised that whilst schools can do a great deal to support good emotional health, emotional literacy and resilience this work becomes far more powerful and sustainable when families are directly involved. Delivery of this programme will not only support our families with parenting but make crucial links and relationships with school that will support their children throughout their time with us and where strong sustainable change has been achieved, beyond. <u>Family Links, The Centre for Emotional</u> <u>Health Impact Report 2022</u>	1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Ongoing training for all staff on behaviour management strategies based on positive relationships and restorative practices including work with Steps to Success on Emotional Coaching and use of declarative language	Behaviour strategies based on the build- ing of relationships, community and so- cial capital have a positive impact not only within school but equip children with the tools for dealing with conflict throughout life. <u>Center on the Developing Child: Harvard University</u> <u>IIRP: Research and evaluations</u> <u>Behaviour interventions EEF (educationendowmentfoundation.org.u k)</u>	1, 2, 3, 4, 5
Work with Trust Colleagues on developing more robust approach to attendance including increased home visits.	Attendance at school is essential for chil- dren to achieve their potential. Research shows a direct link between time lost to absence and academic achievement. We aim to work closely with families imple- menting high levels of challenge and sup- port to ensure that all children attend school regularly. <u>EEF Attendance Interventions: Rapid Evi- dence Assessment</u>	4
Contingency fund for acute issues.	Based on our experiences and those of similar schools to ours, we have identi- fied a need to set a small amount of funding aside to respond quickly to needs that have not yet been identified.	1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Total budgeted cost: £134,680

Part B: Review of the previous academic year

Outcomes for disadvantaged pupils

- End of KS2 results for disadvantaged pupils were broadly in line with others in at ARE+ in all areas including RWM combined but ahead of others at GD in maths and reading.
- Disadvantaged pupils performed better than others in the Year 1 phonics screening check.
- Overall disadvantaged pupils across the school perform slightly better than others in reading, writing and maths.
- Anecdotal evidence from discussions with staff and pupils show a continued increase in pupil resilience we will continue to focus on this area.
- Attendance showed an improvement of 0.8% on the previous year.

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you used your pupil premium (or recovery premium) to fund in the previous academic year.

Programme	Provider
None used	

Service pupil premium funding (optional)

For schools that receive this funding, you may wish to provide the following information: How our service pupil premium allocation was spent last academic year

Not applicable

The impact of that spending on service pupil premium eligible pupils

Further information (optional)

Use this space to provide any further information about your pupil premium strategy. For example, about your strategy planning, implementation and evaluation, or other activity that you are delivering to support disadvantaged pupils, that is not dependent on pupil premium or recovery premium funding.